

## Phelps County Opioids Fact Sheet

Spring 2019

## TAL opioid overdoses in 2017-2018





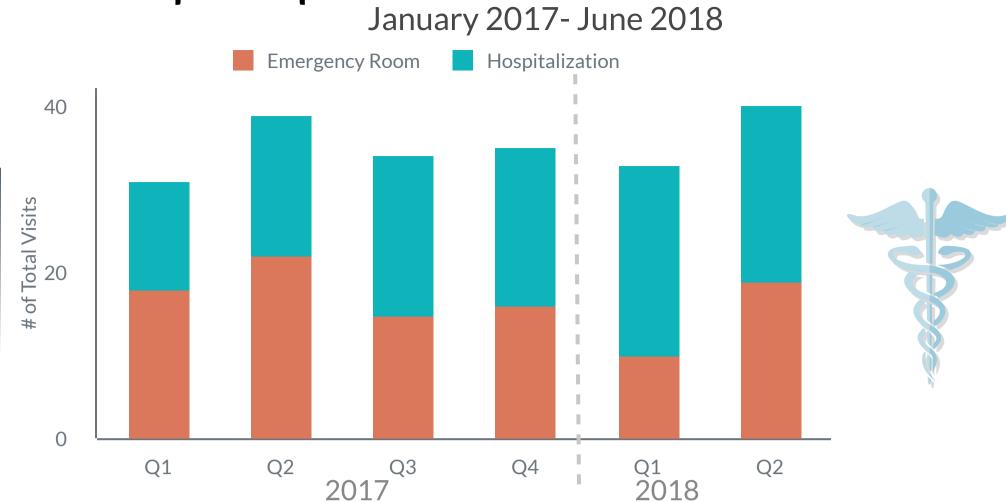
(ESOOS) grant was awarded to the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (MODHSS) to accomplish key goals:

--enhance the comprehensiveness and timeliness of both fatal and nonfatal opioid overdoses and;

--disseminate surveillance findings to stakeholders.

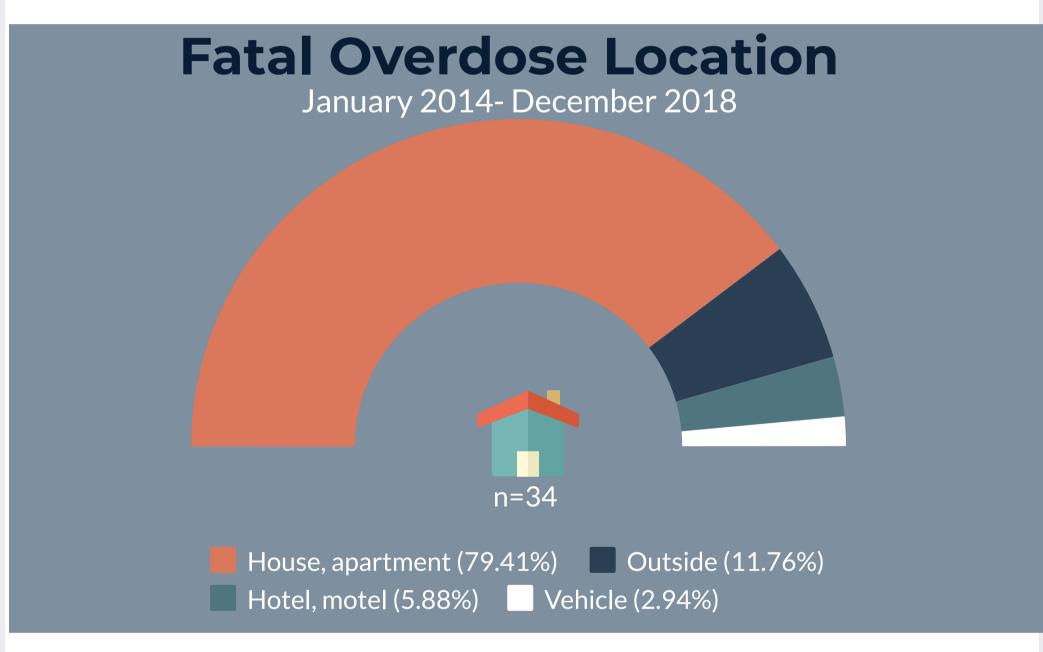


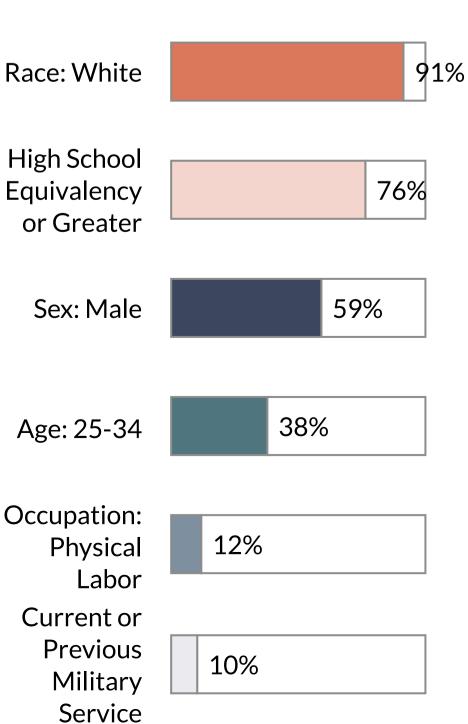
## Nonfatal Opioid Overdose Health Care Utilization



Above: In Phelps County, 3 in 4 resident nonfatal opioid overdose discharges treated in the hospital or ER involved non-heroin opioids (76%). In Phelps County, most of the people discharged from the ER with nonfatal overdoses were male (64%) and more than one-third (36%) were between the ages of 25-23.

Below: When fatal overdoses occur in Phelps County, they most often occur in a house or apartment (79%).





## Fatal Opioid Overdose Characteristics and Risk Factors

January 2014- December 2018

In Phelps County, the majority of those who fatally overdose are White. Greater than 1 in 3 victims were between the ages of 25 and 34. Men had a greater likelihood of experiencing a fatal overdose in Phelps County. Many local opioid overdose victims earned a high school equivalency and roughly 1 in 10 had occupations involving physical labor or currently or previously served in the military.

This data sheet provides the most timely data available for each topic, meaning data is subject to change and time periods for different variables may not align. This data uses ESOOS specific definitions for opioid overdose, which may result in frequencies that do not match other data sources.

Please contact the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services, Bureau of Health Care Analysis and Data Dissemination at 573-751-6285 for more information or to request a fact sheet for your community.